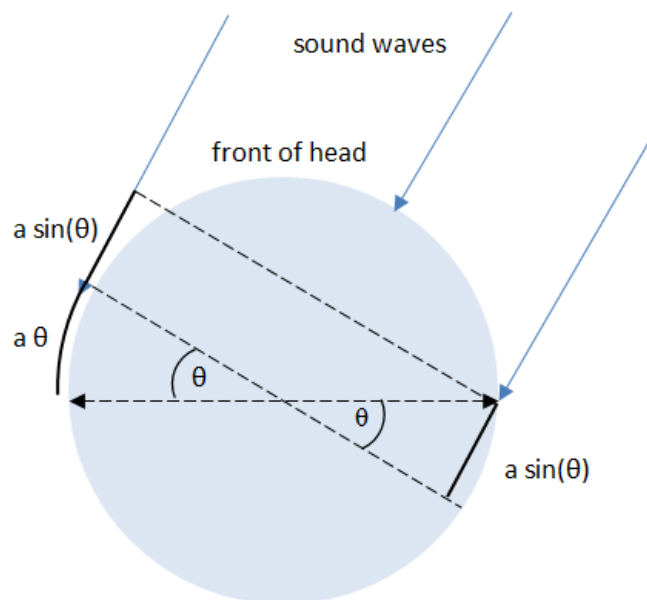


Interaural Time Delay

▼ Introduction

Humans locate the origin of a sound with several cues. One technique employs the small difference in the time taken for the sound to reach either ear; this is known as the interaural time delay (ITD).

Lord Rayleigh investigated this phenomena, assuming a spherical head with radius a , and sound waves arriving at an azimuth angle θ .



Sound has to travel a distance $a \theta + a \sin(\theta)$ further to reach the left ear than the right ear. Hence, if the speed of the sound is c , then the interaural sound delay is

$$ITD = \frac{a}{c} (\theta + \sin(\theta))$$

where c is the speed of sound.

For $c = 343 \text{ m s}^{-1}$, $a = 0.11 \text{ m}$ and $\theta = 0.5 \pi$ (that is, a sound hitting a typical-sized head from the side), the sound delay is about 0.8 ms.

This application modifies a single-channel audio file so that the sound appears to originate at an angle from the observer. It does this by introducing an extra channel of sound. The new channel is equivalent to the old channel, but is padded with zeroes.

Despite both channels having the same amplitude, the sound appears to come from an angle simply

by delaying one channel.

Headphones are strongly recommended to fully appreciate the inferred direction of the sound after an extra delayed channel is added.



```
> restart :  
  with( AudioTools ) :  
  with( ArrayTools ) :  
  with( LinearAlgebra ) :
```

▼ Parameters

```
> c := 343 :
```

Radius of head in m

```
> a := 0.08 :
```

Angle of sound

```
> soundAngle :=  $\frac{30\pi}{180}$  :
```

▼ Import Sound File

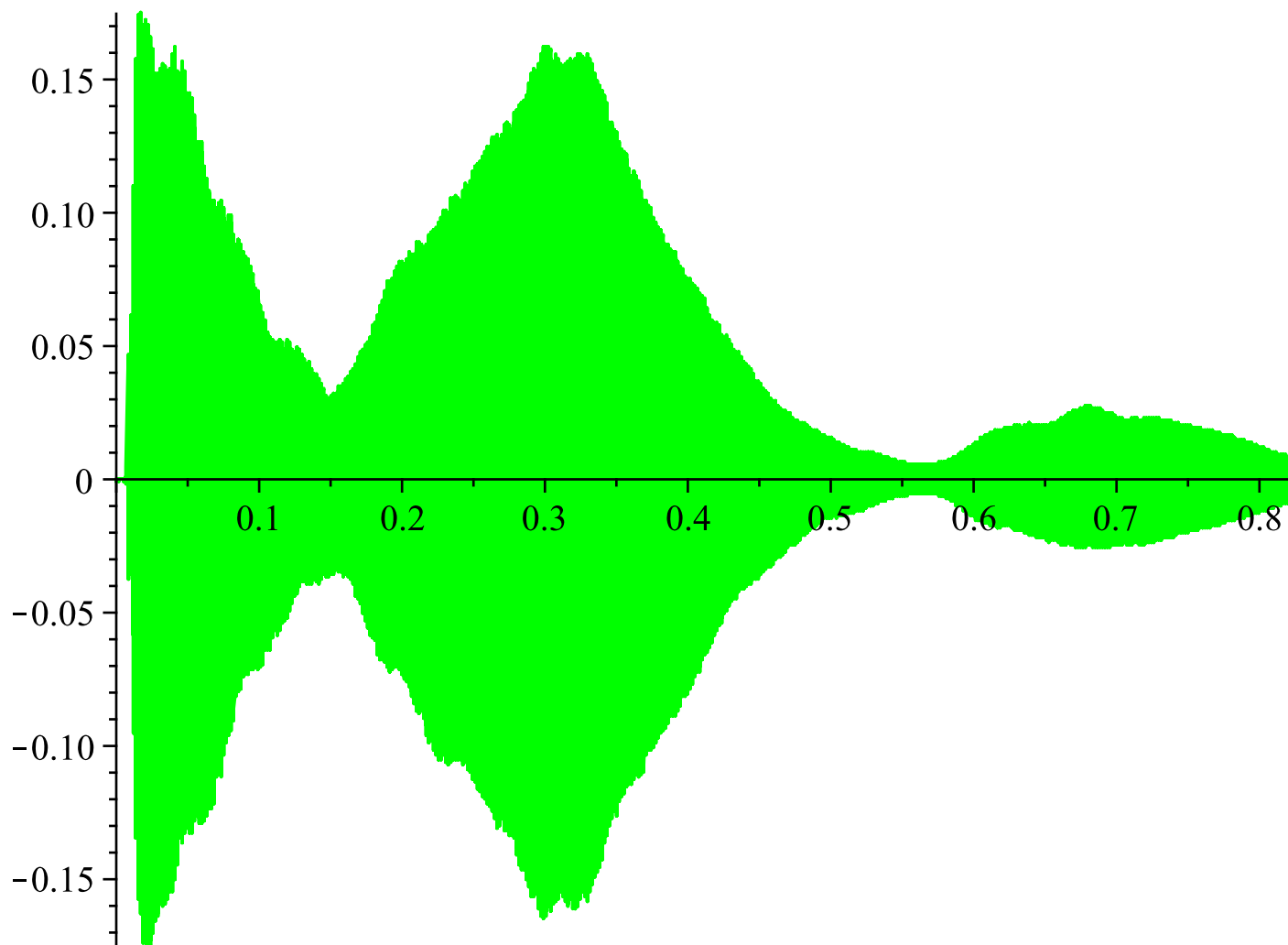
```
> Sound := Read( FileTools:-JoinPath( [ "audio/ding.wav" ], base = datadir ) )
```

$$\text{Sound} := \begin{bmatrix} \text{"Sample Rate"} & 22050 \\ \text{"Bit Depth"} & 16 \\ \text{"Channels"} & 1 \\ \text{"Points/Channel"} & 20191 \\ \text{"Duration"} & 0.92 \text{ s} \end{bmatrix} \quad (3.1)$$

```
> SampleRate := attributes( Sound )1  
SampleRate := 22050 \quad (3.2)
```

```
> BitRate := attributes( Sound )2  
BitRate := 16 \quad (3.3)
```

```
> Preview( Sound, output = embed )
```



▼ Add Time Delay

Interaural time delay

$$> ITD := \theta \rightarrow \frac{a(\theta + \sin(\theta))}{c} ;$$

We need to delay one channel by this number of samples

$$> TimeDelay := \lfloor (SampleRate \cdot ITD(soundAngle)) \rfloor$$

TimeDelay := 5

(4.1)

$$> zeroes := Array(1..\lfloor TimeDelay \rfloor, order = C_order) ;$$

if $TimeDelay = 0$ then

```

M0 := Sound;
M1 := Sound;
elif TimeDelay < 0 then
    M0 := Concatenate( 2, Sound, zeroes );
    M1 := Concatenate( 2, zeroes, Sound );
elif TimeDelay > 0 then
    M0 := Concatenate( 2, zeroes, Sound );
    M1 := Concatenate( 2, Sound, zeroes );
endif:
> DirectionalSound := Create( Transpose( Concatenate( 1, M0, M1 ) ) *~1/2, channels = 2, rate
    = SampleRate, order = C_order ) :

```

